

Revision Date: 10/16/2017

Version 1.4

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Part Number: 1090

1.1 Product Name: Formalin 10%, Phosphate Buffered

Part Number: 1090

CAS-No.: Not applicable

SDS Number: 2920

1.2 Recommended Use: Laboratory Chemicals

1.3 Company: Newcomer Supply

2505 Parview Road

Middleton, WI 53562 USA

Telephone: 1-800-383-7799 **Fax:** 1-608-831-0866

Website:www.newcomersupply.comEmail:newly@newcomersupply.com

24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT CALL CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 Contact CHEMTREC only in the event of an emergency involving a chemical spill, leak, fire, exposure or other accident.

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification, (in accordance with 29 CFR1910.1200)

Flammable liquid, Category 4

Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4

Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4

Skin irritation, Category 2

Serious eye damage, Category 1

Skin sensitisation, Category 1

Carcinogenicity, Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single exposure, Category 1

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal Word DANGER

Pictogram



Hazard Statement(s):

- · Combustible liquid
- · Harmful if swallowed
- · Harmful if inhaled
- · Causes skin irritation
- · Causes serious eye damage
- · May cause an allergic skin reaction
- · May cause cancer
- · Causes damage to organs

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:

- · Obtain special instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- · Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
- · Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- · Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- · Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- · Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- · Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- · Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:



Revision Date: 10/16/2017

Part Number: 1090 Version 1.4

- · In case of fire use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam.
- · IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- · IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.
- · Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- · If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

- · IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- · Rinse mouth
- · Specific treatment: see first aid measures in section 4.
- · Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage:

- · Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.
- · Store locked up.

Disposal:

• Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Description of any hazards not otherwise classified

None

2.4 >1% of mixture with unknown acute toxicity

None

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixture

Hazardous Components

Component		Concentration
Name	Formaldehyde	
CAS-No.	50-00-0	3-4%
Name	Methyl Alcohol	
CAS-No.	67-56-1	<1%

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary measures

Inhalation (breathing)

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin Contact

IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Eye Contact

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Ingestion (swallowed)

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms and or effects, acute and delayed

The most important symptoms/effects are presented in Section 2 and or Section 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray, alcohol-resistant foam.



Revision Date: 10/16/2017

Version 1.4

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

Part Number: 1090

5.3 Protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Wear a positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus if necessary. Wear chemical resistant clothing as recommended by clothing manufacturer.

NFPA Rating

Health Fire Reactivity
hazard: 2 hazard: 1 hazard: 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Apply personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use in a properly ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Wash hands after use. In case of large spill, remove personnel to a safe area. Keep product away from heat, flame, ignition sources, and reactive materials. Avoid accumulation of vapor to form explosive concentration. Pay particular attention to low areas where vapor accumulates more easily.

6.2 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Apply personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Ensure proper ventilation. Contain spill. Prevent further leakage if possible and safe to do so. Evacuate area and limit access. Prevent entry of material into sewage drains and confined areas. Dispose of any contaminated materials according to local regulations. Eliminate sources of ignition.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Refer to Section 2.2 for proper storage temperature. Store the tightly closed container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace

Component	CAS-No.	Regulatory	Value	Parameters
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	OSHA PEL	TWA	0.75 ppm
		OSHA PEL	STEL	2 ppm
		ACGIH TLV	С	0.3 ppm (0.37 mg/m ³)
		NIOSH REL	TWA	0.016 ppm
		NIOSH REL	С	0.1 ppm 15-minute

Component	CAS-No.	Regulatory	Value	Parameters
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	OSHA PEL	TWA	200 ppm (260 mg/m ³)
		ACGIH TLV	TWA	200 ppm (262 mg/m ³)
		ACGIH TLV	STEL	50 ppm (328 mg/m ³)
		NIOSH REL	TWA	200 ppm (260 mg/m ³)
		NIOSH REL	STEL	250 ppm (325 mg/m ³)



Revision Date: 10/16/2017

Version 1.4

8.2 Exposure Controls

Part Number: 1090

Appropriate engineering controls

Use in a properly ventilated area. Remove/wash before reuse contaminated clothing. Wash hands upon exiting work premises. Use product in an appropriately designated fume hood. Take measures to keep concentrations below acceptable limits.

8.3 Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face protection

Wear chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield if splashing is possible. Keep eye wash fountain nearby.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical-resistant gloves. Gloves should be resistant to components of product. Refer to glove manufacturer for appropriate type and glove thickness.

Body Protection

No data available

Respiratory Protection

Respirators should only be used if the employer has implemented a written program that takes into account workplace conditions, requirements for worker training, respirator fit testing, and medical exams, as described in the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).

Where the potential exists for exposure over 0.016 ppm: use a NIOSH approved supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode. For increased protection use in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus or an emergency escape air cylinder.

Exposure to 20 ppm is immediately dangerous to life and health. If the possibility of exposure above 20 ppm exists, use a NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode equipped with an emergency escape air cylinder. In case of emergency, entry into unknown concentrations, or escape, wear a self-contained positive-pressure breathing apparatus.

Other Information

None

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Clear, colorless liquid
Odor Pungent, irritating odor
Odor threshold No data available

pH 6.9-7.1

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash point

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

No data available
No data available
No data available
No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper flammability or explosive limits

Lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

Relative density

Solubility(ies)

No data available

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Revision Date: 10/16/2017

Version 1.4

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity No data available No data available No data available No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Part Number: 1090

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable in a closed container within label-specified storage temperature and expiration date.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, sparks, open flame, and ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Formaldehyde reacts violently with nitrogen oxides; oxidizing agents (such as perchlorates, peroxides, permanganates, chlorates, nitrates, chlorine, bromine and fluorine); mixtures of perchloric acid and aniline; nitromethane; magnesium carbonate; and hydrogen peroxide. Formaldehyde reacts with phenol and hydrogen chloride to form toxic bis(chloromethyl) ether. Formaldehyde is not compatible with strong acids (such as hydrochloric, sulfuric and nitric); strong bases (such as sodium hydroxide and potassium hydroxide); iodine; iron; silver; isocyanates; amines; anhydrides; and liquid oxygen.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects Inhalation exposure

Formaldehyde: Difficulty in breathing was experienced at 10 to 20 ppm. Upper airway irritation and increased nasal airway resistance were reported at 0.1 to 25 ppm and lower airway and chronic pulmonary obstruction at 5 to 30 ppm. Inhaling formaldehyde can irritate the lungs. Higher exposures may cause a build-up of fluid in the lungs (pulmonary edema), a medical emergency.

Oral exposure

Acute oral exposure to formaldehyde can result in serious systemic symptoms or death.

Dermal exposure

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Formaldehyde is corrosive and contact can severely irritate and burn the skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Formaldehyde: 10 to 20 ppm produces almost immediate eye irritation. Most subjects experience irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat at 1 to 3 ppm; many subjects cannot tolerate prolonged exposures to 4 to 5 ppm.

Respiratory or skin sensitization



Revision Date: 10/16/2017

Version 1.4

It has been estimated that exposure for 5 to 10 minutes to 50 to 100 ppm might cause serious injury to the lower respiratory passages. Formaldehyde may cause a skin allergy and an asthma-like allergy. Formaldehyde may cause an asthma-like allergy. Future exposure can cause asthma attacks with shortness of breath, wheezing, coughing, and/or chest tightness.

Germ Cell mutagenicity

No data available

Part Number: 1090

Reproductive toxicity

There is limited evidence that formaldehyde may damage the developing fetus and affect female fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Acute toxicity

Formaldehyde:

LD50 rat oral 100 mg/kg

LD50 rat dermal 270 mg/kg

LC50 rat inhalation 0.48 mg/l/4 hours

Carcinogencity

IARC: Formaldehyde: Group 1, carcinogenic to humans

NTP: Formaldehyde: Known human carcinogen

OSHA: Formaldehyde: Specifically regulated carcinogen

Additional information RTECS: No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste disposal methods

Contents

Dispose of contents in a safe manner to comply with local, state and federal regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging



Revision Date: 10/16/2017

Version 1.4

Dispose of packaging in a safe manner to comply with local, state and federal regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 DOT (US)

Part Number: 1090

UN-Number No data available
Proper shipping name No data available
Hazard class No data available
Packing group No data available
Environmental hazards No data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 No data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation Information Newcomer Supply Inc. 800-383-7799

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